

June 10, 2020

FLIPPING THE CLASSROOM WITH EDTECH TOOLS

Learning Through Experience and Collaboration



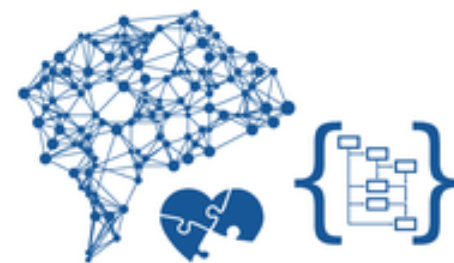
“If we teach today’s students as
we taught yesterday’s, we rob
them of tomorrow.”

JOHN DEWEY

Top 10 skills

in 2020

1. Complex Problem Solving
2. Critical Thinking
3. Creativity
4. People Management
5. Coordinating with Others
6. Emotional Intelligence
7. Judgment and Decision Making
8. Service Orientation
9. Negotiation
10. Cognitive Flexibility



in 2015

1. Complex Problem Solving
2. Coordinating with Others
3. People Management
4. Critical Thinking
5. Negotiation
6. Quality Control
7. Service Orientation
8. Judgment and Decision Making
9. Active Listening
10. Creativity



Source: Future of Jobs Report, World Economic Forum

<https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2016/03/21st-century-skills-future-jobs-students/>



<https://www.uctoday.com/collaboration/team-collaboration/team-collaboration-101/>

"By 2022, Gartner believes that 70% of teams will be relying on workstream collaboration technology to complete their daily work.

- Rebekah Carter, Unified Communications -

EXPERIENCE



“Learning is the process whereby knowledge is created
through the transformation of experience”
(Kolb, 1984, p. 38).

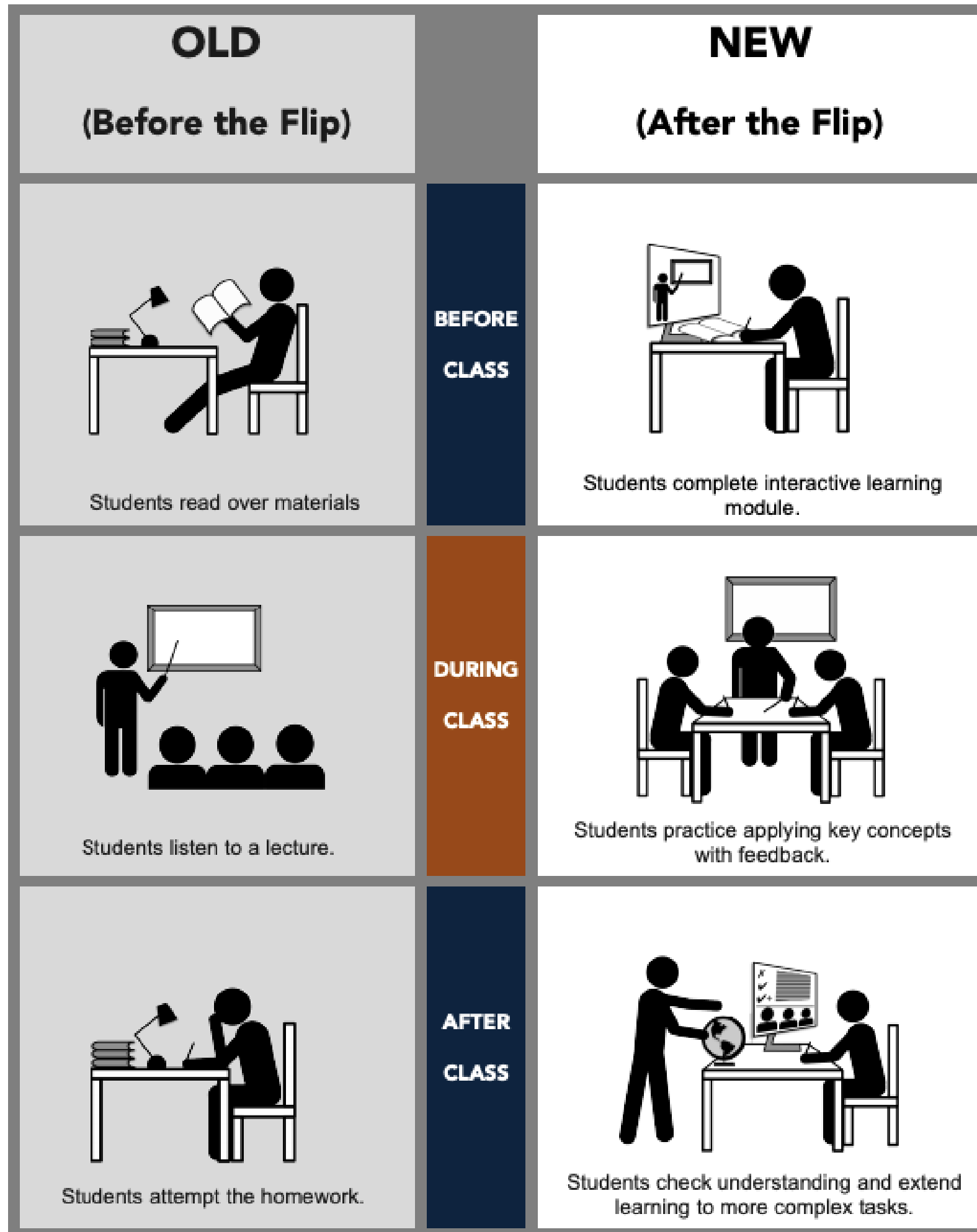
FLIPPED LEARNING

A blended learning approach where face-to-face interaction is mixed with independent study—usually via technology.

In a common Flipped Classroom scenario, students might watch pre-recorded videos at home, then come to school to do the homework armed with questions and at least some background knowledge.



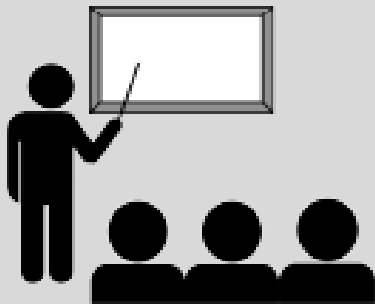


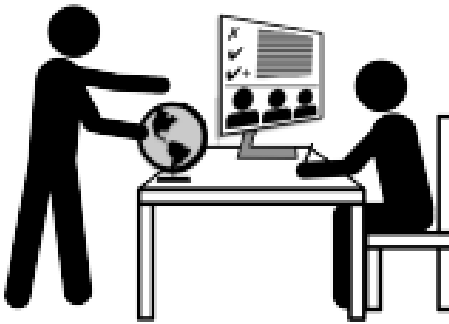
Teach Thought

WHAT DOES FLIPPED LEARNING LOOK LIKE?



- “Flipping the classroom”** means:
- students gain first exposure to new material outside of class via reading or lecture videos
 - use class time to do the harder work of assimilating that knowledge, perhaps through problem-solving, discussion, or debates.

WHAT DOES FLIPPED LEARNING LOOK LIKE?

OLD (Before the Flip)		NEW (After the Flip)
 <p>Students read over materials</p>	BEFORE CLASS	 <p>Students complete interactive learning module.</p>
 <p>Students listen to a lecture.</p>	DURING CLASS	 <p>Students practice applying key concepts with feedback.</p>
 <p>Students attempt the homework.</p>	AFTER CLASS	 <p>Students check understanding and extend learning to more complex tasks.</p>

In terms of Bloom's revised taxonomy (2001), this means that students are doing the lower levels of cognitive work (gaining knowledge and comprehension) outside of class, and focusing on the higher forms of cognitive work (application, analysis, synthesis, and/or evaluation) in class, where they have the support of their peers and instructor.

Cynthia J. Brame,
Assistant Director
*Center For Teaching
Vanderbilt University*

SYNCHRONOUS & ASYNCHRONOUS LEARNING

STEFAN HRASTINSKI

ASYNCHRONOUS E-LEARNING:

- commonly facilitated by media such as e-mail and discussion boards, supports work relations among learners and with teachers, even when participants cannot be online at the same time.
- It is thus a key component of flexible e-learning

SYNCHRONOUS E-LEARNING:

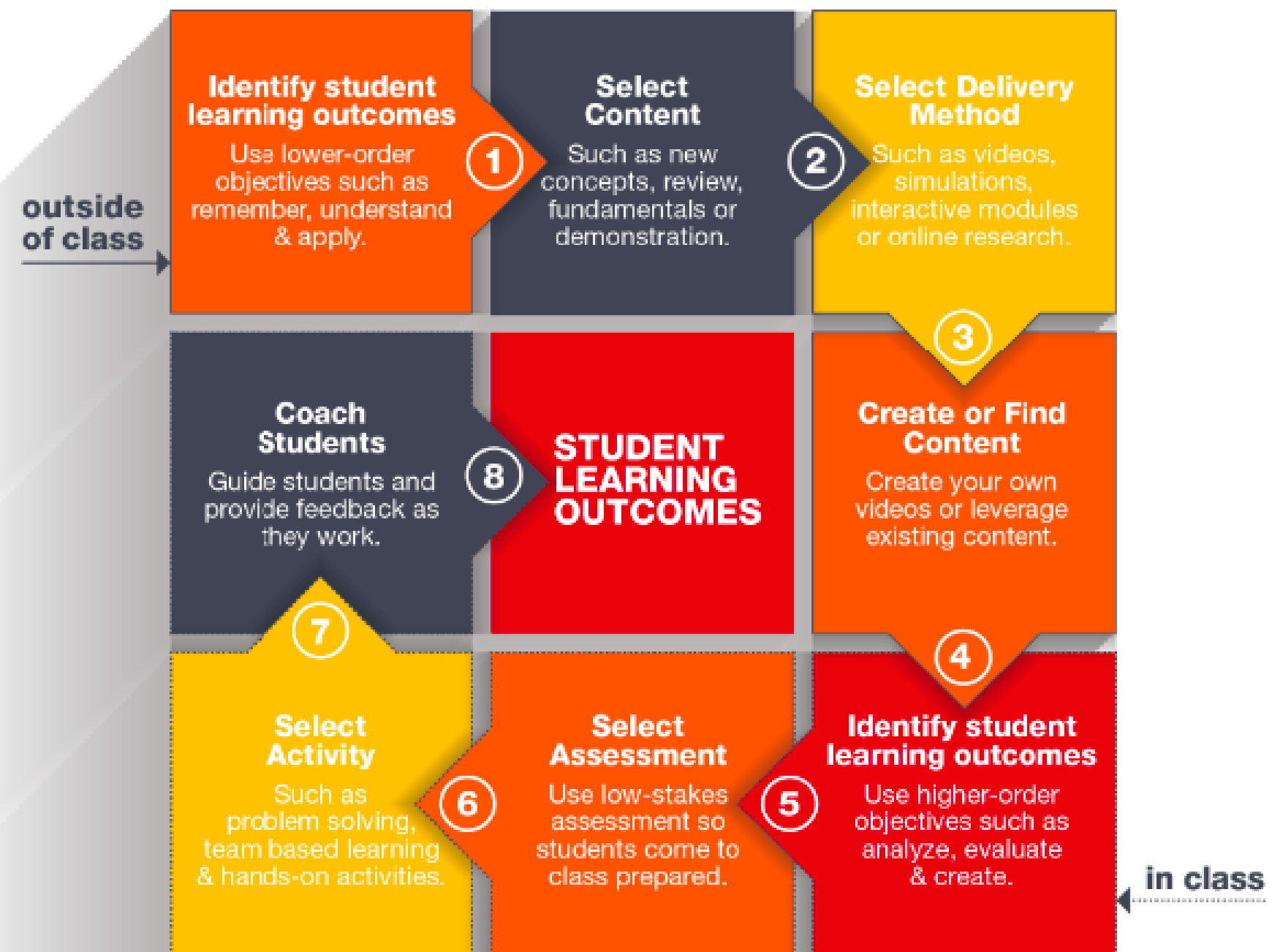
- commonly supported by media such as videoconferencing and chat, has the potential to support e-learners in the development of learning communities.

Synchronous learning is online or distance education that happens in real time, whereas asynchronous learning occurs through online channels without real-time interaction.

<https://er.educause.edu/articles/2008/11/asynchronous-and-synchronous-elearning>



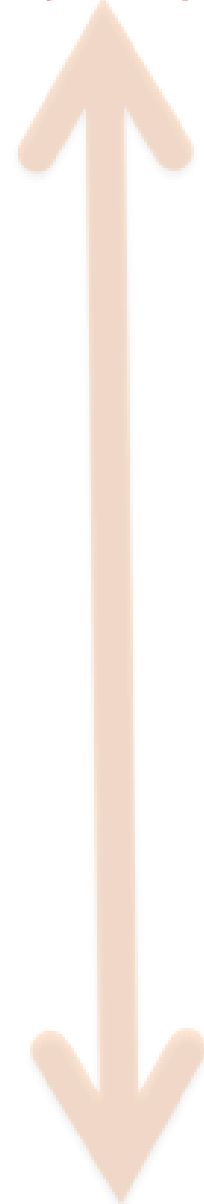
HOW TO DESIGN A FLIPPED CLASSROOM



The design process can begin with either outside of class content (1) or in class activities (5). These starting points are interchangeable as long as one informs the design of the other.

SELECTING FLIPPED CONTENT

Out-of-Class
Lower Order
Thinking Skills
(Blooms)



In-Class
Higher Order
Thinking Skills
(Blooms)

Course Content and Activity	Course Concepts/Topics/Activities that apply
Concepts or topics students grasp easily	
Concepts or topics you feel students learn well outside of class (via homework) with very little guidance from you	
Concepts and topics that are taught best through direct instruction or via 'one-way' communication (teacher-to-student)	
Instruction/ activity that does not necessarily require your physical presence and could be shifted to out of class in order to give more class time to activities that are enhanced by your presence	
Course concepts or topics students struggle with the most	
Course activity that you feel is being rushed because there is not enough time to do it well	
Practice that students need inside of class to prepare them for the larger assignment that will be completed after-class?	
Course concepts or topics you feel students learn best by 'doing' in the class with your guidance and coaching	

OUTSIDE OF CLASS:

1. Identify student learning outcomes

- Understand the basic elements of feature writing

2. Select Content

- The Elements of Feature Writing

3. Select Delivery Method

- Youtube Video and Online Articles (given via [Edmodo](#))

4. Create or Find Content

- [Tools 5: Writing Features - Oxford University Press](#)
- Sample Feature Article: [Mario's in Baguio City: Experiencing the Timeless Heritage of Family Recipes Served The Mario's Way](#)
- Sample Feature Story in Video: [Erwan Heussaf's "81 Provinces: Nueva Ecija"](#)



IN CLASS:

5. Identify Student Learning Outcomes

- Demonstrate the skills required to conceive of, research, write, and edit their own feature article.

6. Select Assessment

- Short Answer Forum via Padlet
(Other Options: Kahoot, Edmodo, Google Forms)

7. Select Activity

- In groups of 5, create a food vlog about 5 best selling dishes in a local restaurant. Each member of the group should write a feature on one of the five dishes. These articles will be presented in the form of a vlog. Write the draft via Google Docs and then publish the vlog via your group's Youtube Channel.

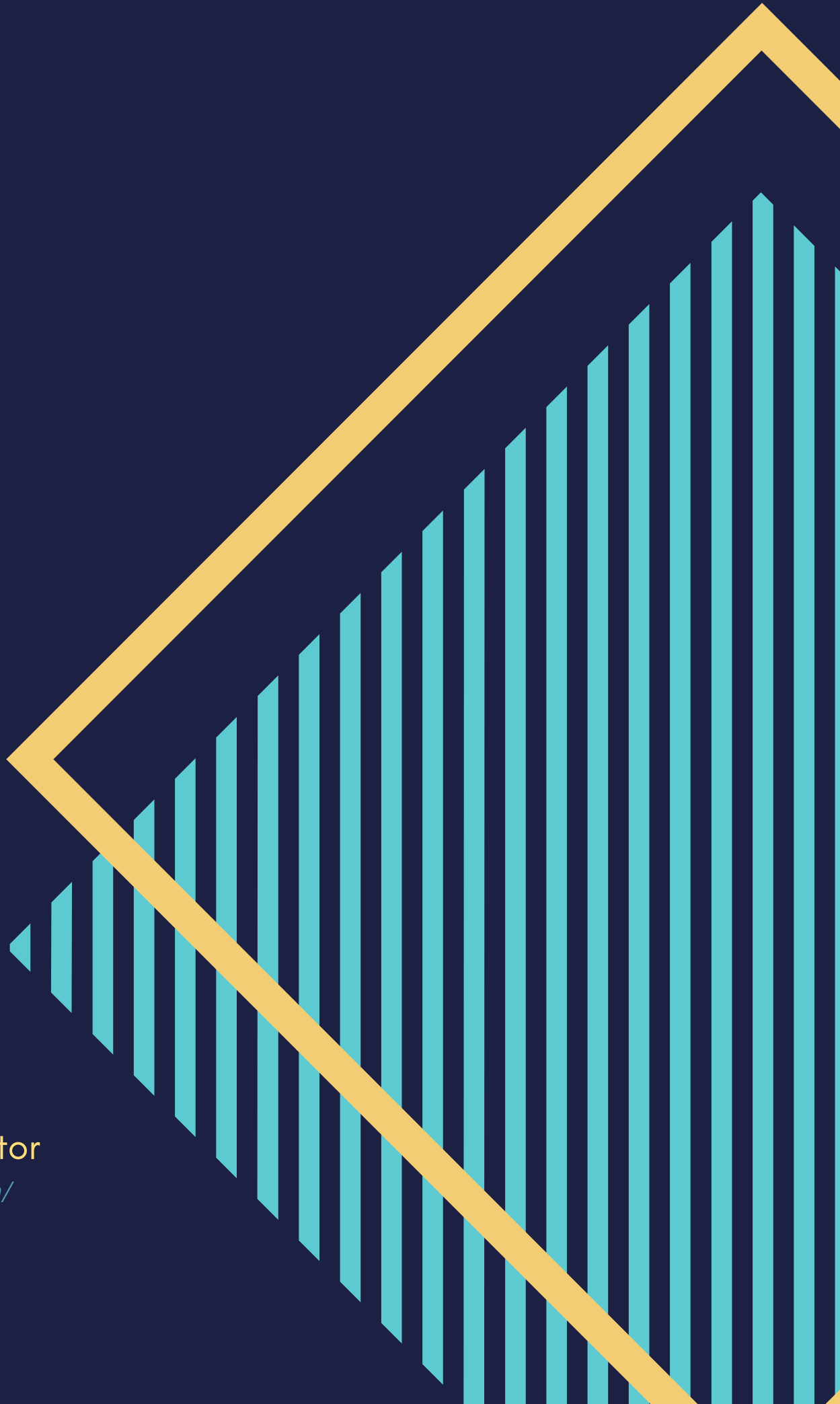
8. Coach Students

- As students collaborate and write their first draft in class, the teacher goes around, checks on their progress and gives feedback.
- Additional Resources will be given before the class ends for continuous learning





KEY ELEMENTS OF THE FLIPPED CLASSROOM

- Provide an opportunity for students to gain first exposure prior to class.
 - Provide an incentive for students to prepare for class.
 - Provide a mechanism to assess student understanding.
 - Provide in-class activities that focus on higher level cognitive activities.
- 

Cynthia J. Brame, CFT Assistant Director

<https://cft.vanderbilt.edu/guides-sub-pages/flipping-the-classroom/>

FLIPPED LEARNING AND EDTECH TOOLS: WHAT TO KNOW



EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY:

a field of study that investigates the process of analyzing, designing, developing, implementing, and evaluating the instructional environment and learning materials in order to improve teaching and learning.

– *Educational Technology Consulting Services* –



The Purpose: Improve Education

Define the learning goals and needs first
and then use all knowledge, including
technology, **to design the most effective
learning environment** for students.



BENEFITS OF EDTECH



Improves access to education in rural areas



Introduces students to technology



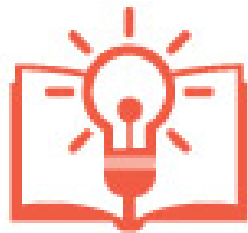
Makes learning interesting



Makes teaching easier



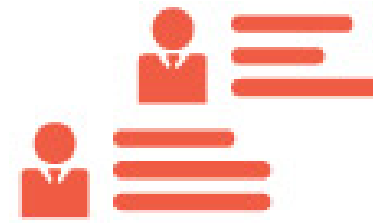
Encourages collaboration between students in different areas



Encourages individual learning



Lessons can be accessed at any time of the day



Easier for teachers to track students' progress



Improves engagement between students and subject matter



Reduces poverty in communities



THE ASEAN POST:

<https://theaseanpost.com/article/using-technology-better-education>

- Edtech can help fill the gaps to accessible learning as well as meet the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goal 4, which is to ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all by 2030.
- With all the recent advances made in technology, it is only natural that they are fully utilized to plug the holes in Southeast Asia's education systems and ensure education for all.

WHAT EDTECH TOOLS DO I NEED?

CLASSROOM MANAGEMENT (LMS)

INSTRUCTION AND PRODUCTIVITY

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

COLLABORATION AND FEEDBACK



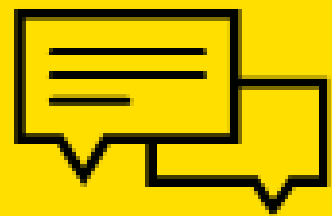
CLASSROOM MANAGEMENT (LMS)

Important Factors in Choosing an LMS

- Student and Teacher Collaboration
- Quizzes and Tests
- Data and Reports
- Mobile Access



EDMODO'S CORE FEATURES



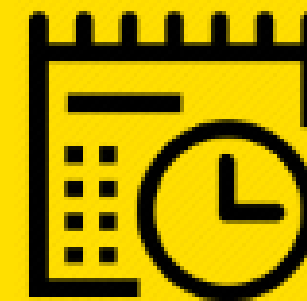
Communication
Stream



Teacher
Libraries



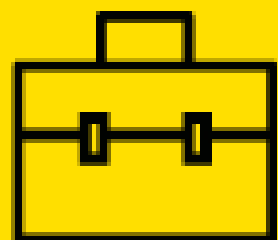
Student
Backpacks



Planner



Badges and
Gradebook



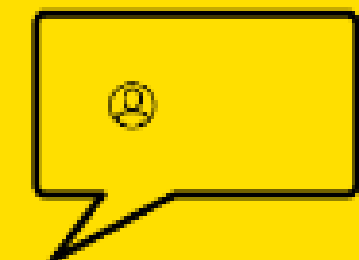
Assignments



Polls



Groups

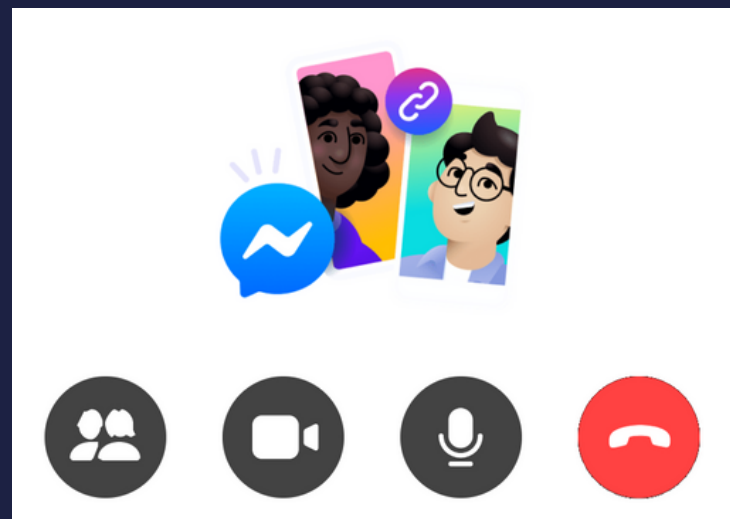


Profile Page

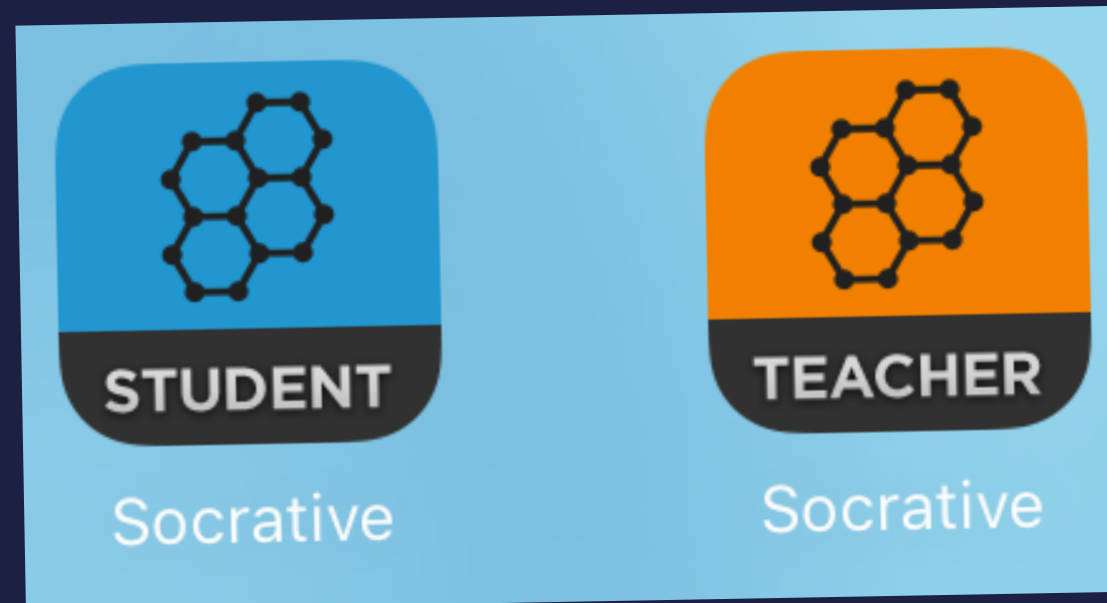
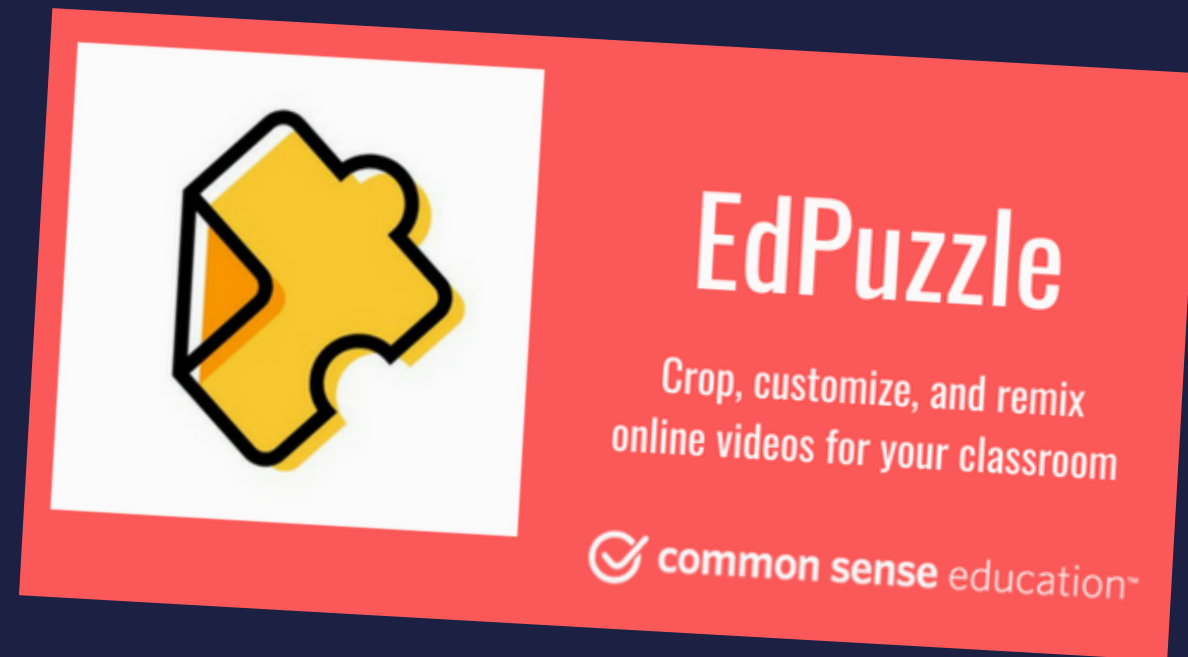
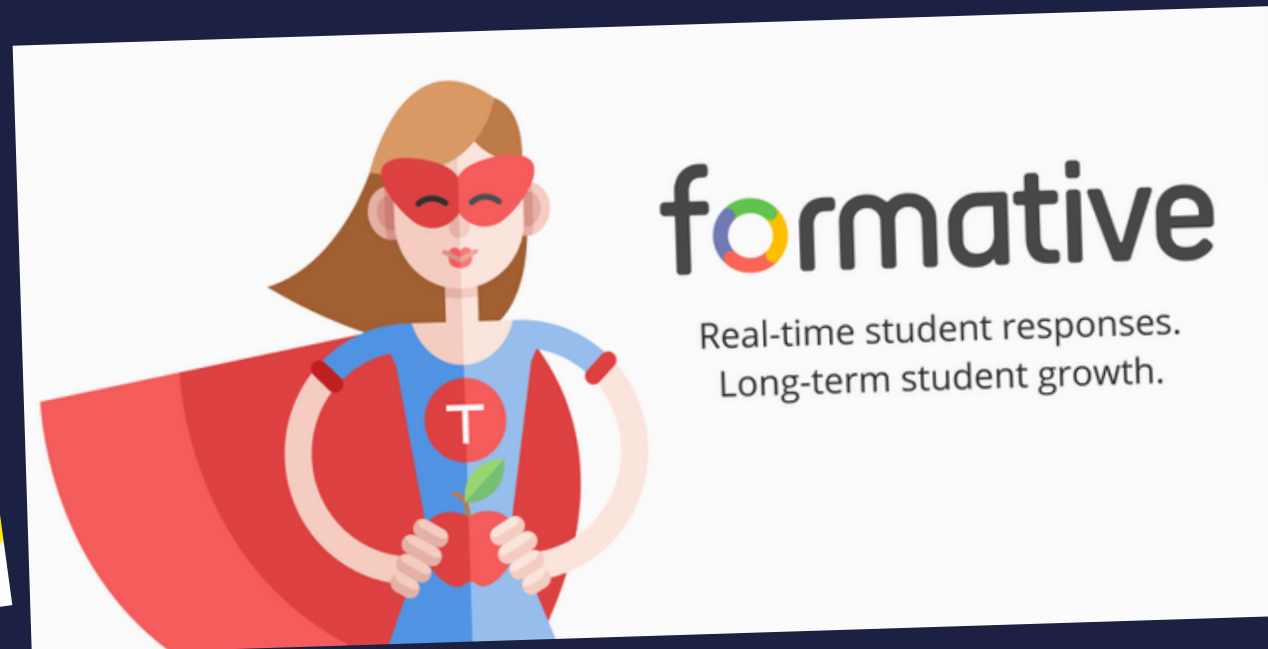
CLASSROOM MANAGEMENT



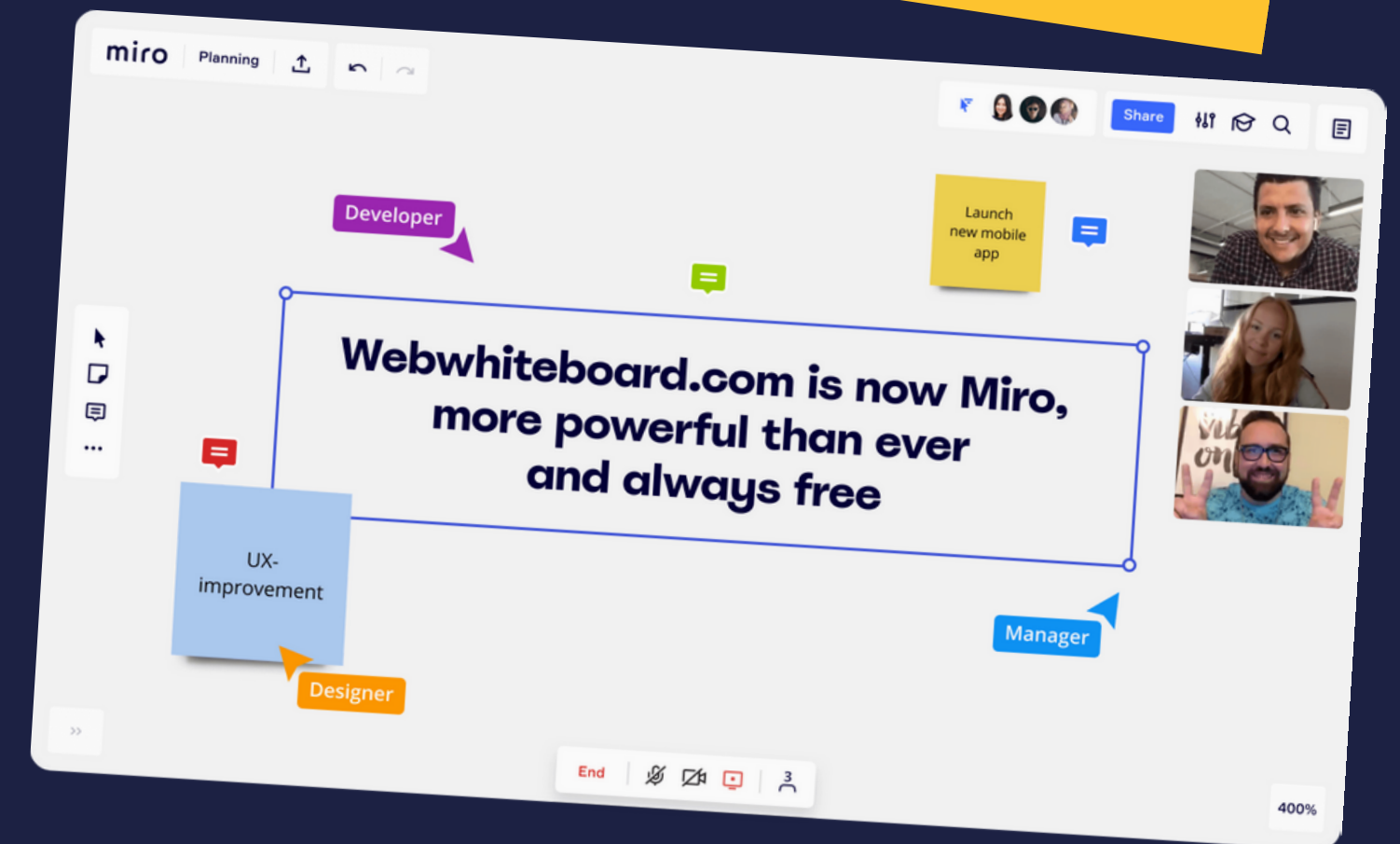
PRODUCTIVITY & INSTRUCTION



FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT



COLLABORATION & FEEDBACK





KEN ROBINSON

**"Teaching is a creative profession,
not a delivery system.**

**Great teachers do pass on information,
but what great teachers also do is
mentor, stimulate, provoke, engage."**

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THANK YOU!

Let's Connect!



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